# STORMWATER CONTROL PLAN for VINEYARDS CONTRA COSTA COUNTY

December 19, 2024

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This Stormwater Control Plan was prepared using the template dated March 2024.

#### I. PROJECT DATA

Table 1. Project Data.

Project Name/Number	Vineyard Crossing
Application Submittal Date	December, 2024
Project Location	APN: 051-190-034; 051-190-021; 051-190-034
Name of Developer	Brightsky Residential
Project Phase No.	NA
Project Type and Description	Residential project with up to 45 single-family homes, 40 auxiliary dwelling units, and 26 duet buildings.
Project Watershed	East Antioch Creek; East County Delta Drainages
Total Project Site Area (acres)*	20.4 acres
Total Area of Land Disturbed (acres)	14.6 acres
Total New Impervious Surface Area (sq. ft.)	341,711 square feet
Total Replaced Impervious Surface Area	27,930 square feet
Total Pre-Project Impervious Surface Area*	54,190 square feet
Total Post-Project Impervious Surface Area*	395,901 square feet
50% Rule¹	Applies
Project Density*	7 DU/acre
Applicable Special Project Categories [Complete even if all treatment is LID]	Does not apply
Percent LID and non-LID treatment	100% LID for areas that require treatment
HM Compliance <sup>2</sup>	Applies

<sup>\*</sup>Please note the area totals summarized in this table include substantial off-site areas that drain onto the project site, thereby increasing the Total Project Site Area, and Total Impervious Areas (Pre-Project and Post-Project) to greater than the subject property boundary as shown on the project plans. This was done to correctly size the on-site IMPs based on the total areas draining to them, rather than just on-site areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 50% rule applies if: Total Replaced Impervious Surface Area > 0.5 x Pre-Project Impervious Surface Area.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  HM required (unless project meets one of the exemptions on Guidebook p. 9) if: (Total New Impervious Surface Area + Total Replaced Impervious Surface Area)  $\geq$  1 acre

#### II. SETTING

### II.A. Project Location and Description

The Vineyard Crossing Project (Project) is located on a 15.6-acre site in the City of Antioch, Contra Costa County, California. A vicinity map showing the location of the site is included as **Appendix A**. The existing property consists of a vineyard. Oakley Road is along the southern project boundary and Phillips Lane is along the eastern edge of the project boundary. The northern and western boundaries of the project site border exist in residential neighborhoods. Overhead utility lines are located above the eastern and northern portions of the project site.

The Project proposes to develop 14.6-acres of the property into approximately 71 medium- to low-density residential lots with a total of 137 dwelling units. The developed area will include residential buildings, several amenity buildings, as well as two stormwater basins to meet pertinent water-quality and hydromodification requirements following the standards set forth by the City of Antioch, the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB or Regional Board), the Municipal Regional Stormwater NPDES Permit issued by the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board, the Contra Costa County Clean Water Program (CCCWP), and the Contra Costa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (CCCFCWCD, among others.

All elevations used in this report reference the NAVD 88 vertical datum.

### II.B. Existing Site Features and Conditions

The Project site topography is characterized by shallow hills and troughs. The terrain with the highest elevation is approximately 81 feet (NAVD 88) located at the top of the western hill. The lowest elevation is approximately 60 feet in the southeast corner where there is an existing infiltration basin, as shown in the existing conditions sheet, **Appendix A**. The existing site conditions drain to two ultimate points of compliance. The first of these drains the northern portions of the site to existing storm drain lines to the north along Filbert Street and northwest along Honeycut Street which later combine in a storm trunk line that drains northerly to discharge into the San Joaquin River adjacent to the Antioch Power Station site. The second point of compliance includes runoff that travels by sheetflow, as well as an existing stormwater system along Oakley Road, to East Antioch Creek located south of the site. **Appendix B** provides a summary of the pre-project land use for the drainage areas in the Project watershed.

The Project site is currently used as a vineyard with no large existing impervious areas within the proposed development envelope. The mean annual precipitation (MAP) at the site is roughly 12.6 inches. This estimate is based on the Project's location and information in the 1977 Mean Seasonal Isohyetal Map (Drawing B-166) updated in 2009 by the Contra Costa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (see **Appendix C**). Precipitation falling on the Project footprint currently travels as sheetflow from the hill sides into either depression in the topography which allow for infiltration, or towards existing storm water infrastructure including an infiltration basin on the southeast corner of the project.

There is only one soil type mapped at the site per information from the National Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (USDA, 2012), see **Appendix D**. The entire site is underlain by Delhi sands (DaC), which are classified in soil group A under the NRCS hydrologic soil group (HSG)<sup>3</sup> system, with very high infiltration rate of 13 inches/hour.

The channel of East Antioch Creek is located approximately 700 feet to the south and includes special flood hazard areas (SFHA) as mapped by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) on Flood Insurance Rate Map panel 060C0332F. The SFHA is mapped as Zone AE, AH, and X, indicating that the creek was mapped using a detailed hydraulic study to identify the extents of the flood hazard. However, the entire project site is outside of the Zones AE or AH and is mapped as an unshaded Zone X, indicating areas of minimal flood hazard. The Flood Insurance Rate Map is included in **Appendix E**.

Using the Contra Costa County Hydromodification Applicability GIS Map, the Project site primarily is categorized as hydromodification applicable (see **Appendix F** for snippet of the County's Hydromodification Applicability Map showing the Project location).

### II.C. Opportunities and Constraints for Stormwater Control

There are a number of constraints and opportunities related to the integrated management practices (IMP) selection and design for the Project as proposed. The Project has been designed in a high-density residential configuration reducing the amount of area that can be used for stormwater infrastructure. There are also two overhead utility corridors that reduce the usable space within the project area. The stormwater infrastructure has been designed to accommodate these space limitations.

The biggest design opportunity at the site is the highly infiltrative soils that underlain the entire site. The soil at the site is classified as Hydrologic Soil Group A, that has naturally very high percolation rates that allow for the use of direct infiltration of stormwater. This opportunity achieves water-quality treatment and groundwater recharge through direct infiltration. By directly infiltrating water back into the groundwater this also helps with peak flow control in the creeks reducing hydromodification impacts.

Given these factors, the stormwater management approach will be to collect and convey runoff from the developed and undeveloped areas to two stormwater basins (Integrated Management Practices) used for infiltration. One will be located west of the east-central utility corridor (Basin 1), and one will be located in the western portion of the project (Basin 2). The basins will be connected to the existing storm drain system on Honeynut Street via conventional gravity flow stormwater lines to provide capacity for exceptionally large or prolonged storm events that could exceed the infiltration capacity of the IMPs. The drainage design will also utilize self-treating areas encompassing the relatively large open space areas within the two utility corridors in the central east and northern portions of the site.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The NRCS hydrologic soil groups divide all soil types into four categories on the basis of potential to produce runoff. Type A soils, typically sands or gravels, have the lowest runoff potential and typically have high infiltration rates. Type D soils have the highest runoff potential and typically have low infiltration rates. Type D soils are generally heavy clays or are very shallow.

#### **III. LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT DESIGN STRATEGIES**

### III.A. Optimization of Site Layout

- III.A.1. Limitation of development envelope. As previously mentioned, the Project proposed to construct 137 dwelling units within the project site. There will be two utility corridors that will allow for the preservation of portions of the existing vineyards, with minimal impervious area introduced by including a pedestrian trail along the northern corridor. These corridors will be self-treating.
- III.A.2. Preservation of natural drainage features. There are no existing natural drainage features such as creeks, streams, or rivers at the site, but there is an existing infiltration basin in the southeast corner that will be removed. The existing topography will be utilized to send the majority of the site's drainage to the existing storm drainage infrastructure on Honeynut Street.
- III.A.3. Setbacks from creeks, wetlands, and riparian habitats. There are no existing natural features such as creeks, wetlands, or riparian habitat areas on the site.
- III. A.4. Minimization of imperviousness. The Project has been designed to minimize the area of impervious cover by restricting it to only areas for roadways, attached sidewalks, driveways, and building footprints within a relatively high-density configuration.
- III.A.5. Use of drainage as a design element. The drainage design makes use of existing flow paths to convey runoff during large storms from open space areas to specific collection points where it can be conveyed to the receiving waters. The two utility corridors are categorized as "self-treating" drainage areas. The use of self-treating areas increases the effectiveness of the proposed stormwater basins by reducing the volume of runoff they must accommodate.

#### III.B. Use of Permeable Pavements

Permeable pavement was not included in the design of this project.

### III.C. Dispersal of Runoff to Pervious Areas

The compact nature of the Project design limits the potential for dispersal of runoff to pervious areas. Therefore, the stormwater management approach is based on effectively conveying runoff from the reduced Project footprint to stormwater basins.

### III.D. Bioretention or other Integrated Management Practices

The proposed grading plan divides the site into six Drainage Management Areas (DMAs) as illustrated in **Appendix A**. The largest, DMA 1, encompasses the eastern residential area, the majority of the eastern central utility corridor (that is self-treating but is included as a conservative assumption), and the area of Phillips Lane that drains into the project's stormwater collection system. DMA 1 drains to the first IMP (Basin 1). The second largest, DMA 2, drains the majority of the western residential areas and drains to the second and larger IMP (Basin 2). The three northern post-project DMAs (Northwest, North Central, and Northeast) are all self-treating areas with field inlets for any overland flow. The Northwest DMA has an overland flow field drain that connects into the Honeynut Street storm drain. Both the North Central and Northeast DMAs have overland flow draining to the existing Filbert Street storm drain. Due to the

grade constraints the Southwest DMA, an approximately 0.42-acre area, cannot be picked up in the proposed drainage system. The runoff drains immediately off-site to the southwest along Oakley Road into an existing storm drainage system. An equivalent area along Phillips Road is picked up and treated by IMP 1.

The stormwater system will utilize conventional gravity-flow methods to convey runoff from all lots and roads to the two stormwater basins that utilize infiltration for treatment and hydromodification management. These basins are sized sufficiently to meet the water quality treatment requirements and allow for hydromodification management. The two stormwater basins were sized using the 2023 version of the Bay Area Hydrologic Model (BAHM 2023, updated June 2024) to ensure appropriate hydromodification control at each point of compliance (POC) and water quality treatment. Both basins utilize direct infiltration into the soils as the main outlet and have riser structures as overflow releases during large storm events. A typical profile of the stormwater facility is shown in **Appendix A**.

Access roads and ramps will be installed for each stormwater basin to provide maintenance crews with regular access to the bays. Maintenance crews will be responsible for removing any coarse debris and/or sediment accumulation that would otherwise have the potential to impair infiltration rates or obstruct the high-flow release outlets. Stormwater facility maintenance requirements are outlined in **Section 6**.

#### IV. DOCUMENTATION OF DRAINAGE DESIGN

The following section details the parameterization and calculation for the Project's stormwater facilities. The labeling of drainage management areas (DMAs) is consistent with the Project watersheds and includes some off-site areas that drain on-site. The post-project drainage management areas are illustrated in **Appendix A**.

### IV.A. Descriptions of each Drainage Management Area

IV.A.1. Table of Drainage Management Areas

Table 2. Drainage Management Areas

DMA Name	Area (sq ft)	Surface Type / Description	DMA Type / Drains to
Northwest	52,600	Agricultural open space	Self-Treating / Honeynut Street SD
DMA 1	383,700	Roof, asphalt roadway, landscaping	Drains to Basin 1 / Honeynut Street SD
DMA 2	368,200	Roof, asphalt roadway, landscaping	Drains to Basin 2 / Honeynut Street SD
North Central	37,400	Agricultural open space	Self-Treating / Filbert Street SD
Northeast	28,400	Agricultural open space	Self-Treating / Filbert Street SD
Southwest	18,200	Asphalt roadway	Drains off-site to Oakley Road SD. Equivalent Area picked up in DMA 1

### IV.A.2. Drainage Management Area Descriptions

**DMA Northwest**, totaling 52,600 square feet, drains the northwestern corner of the preserved vineyard with a small amount of impervious area introduced by the creation of a pedestrian path. DMA Northwest is a self-retaining area with any additional overland flow draining to an existing storm water system on Honeynut Street.

**DMA 1**, totaling 383,700 square feet, drains the eastern residential developed area and sends the collected stormwater to IMP 1. The main outlet from IMP 1 is direct infiltration through the basin floor. The secondary outlet is through a high-flow release riser structure that would route runoff directly to the Honeynut Street storm drain system during exceptionally large storm events.

**DMA 2,** totaling 368,200 square feet, drains the western residential developed area and sends the collected stormwater to IMP 2. The main outlet to IMP 2 is direct infiltration through the basin floor. The secondary outlet is through a high-flow release riser structure that would route runoff to the Honeynut Street storm drain system during large storm events.

**DMA North Central**, totaling 37,400 square feet, drains the northern central area of the preserved vineyard with a small amount of impervious area introduced by the creation of a pedestrian path. DMA North Central is a self-retaining area with any additional overland flow draining to an existing storm water system on Filbert Street.

**DMA Northeast**, totaling 28,400 square feet, drains the northeastern corner of the preserved vineyard with a small amount of impervious area introduced by the creation of a pedestrian path. DMA Northeast is a self-retaining area with any additional overland flow draining to an existing storm water system on Filbert Street.

**DMA Southwest**, totaling 18,200 square feet, drains the southwest corner of the Project and part of Oakley Road. DMA Southwest drains immediately off-site to an existing storm water system along Oakley Road. Due to the grade constraints of this area of the Project, an equivalent off-site area is included in DMA 1 to offset this uncollected drainage area.

### IV.B. Integrated Management Practice Descriptions

Both stormwater basins (IMP 1 and IMP 2) utilize infiltration to treat the runoff and reduce the volume of runoff sent to the existing off-site storm drain system. Runoff collected in the gutter and on-site storm drain system will be sent to both basins. Water infiltrates into the highly infiltrative HSG Type A soils that underly the site. This infiltration technique treats the stormwater runoff and helps recharge the groundwater table. During exceptionally large storm events, if the infiltration rate cannot keep up with the runoff rate, the overflow releases would be activated once the ponding depth in the basin meets a specific depth. Runoff in that case would be conveyed to the Honeynut Street storm drain system through conventional gravity flow methods. BAHM 2023 was used to test the basins design to ensure they meet the water quality treatment and hydromodification management requirements.

IV.B.1. Areas Draining to Non-LID Treatment

There are no areas that drain to non-LID treatment as defined by the C.3 manual.

### IV.C. Tabulation and Sizing Calculations

This Project uses stormwater basins that utilize infiltration for water-quality treatment and hydromodification control. Typically, the IMP calculator would be used to show the basins are appropriately sized. However, the IMP calculator does not include infiltration basins as an option. Therefore, the IMP calculator was not used to size the stormwater basins (IMP 1 and IMP 2). Instead, sizing of the basins was confirmed using the BAHM 2023 model to show compliance with water-quality treatment and hydromodification control. The BAHM model indicates that both IMPs will treat (infiltrate) over 99% of the long-term runoff, surprising the 80% required treatment standard in the Municipal Regional Permit, and both points of compliance meet hydromodification control requirements. These results and the model set up can be seen in the BAHM model output report included in **Appendix G**.

#### V. SOURCE CONTROL MEASURES

### V.A. Site activities and potential sources of pollutants

Pollutants typically found in urban runoff include household and lawn-care chemicals (insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, and rodenticides), heavy metals (such as copper, zinc, and cadmium), oils and greases, and nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorus).

The goal of the Project's water-quality sensitive site design is to limit the release of these pollutants into the stormwater system through source control. The high infiltration rates at the site make this a great opportunity to implement direct infiltration using two stormwater basins.

Other pollution control measures include regular maintenance activities such as street sweeping and storm drain inlet cleaning, and stenciling all storm drain inlets with appropriate warnings indicating that the runoff flows to East Antioch Creek and the San Joaquin Delta. Access to educational materials will also be provided to assist homeowners in reducing the introduction of pollutants to the stormwater management system.

### V.B. Source Control Table

**Table 3. Source Controls** 

Potential Source of Runoff Pollutants	Permanent Source Control BMPs	Operational Source Control BMPs
On-site Storm Drain Inlets	Stenciled storm drain inlets with appropriate warnings indicating that runoff flows to the East Antioch Creek and San Joaquin Delta.	<ul> <li>Maintain and periodically repaint or replace inlet markings.</li> <li>Provide stormwater pollution prevention information to new site owners, lessees, or operators.</li> </ul>
Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use	The landscape plans will accomplish the following:  Design landscaping to minimize irrigation and runoff, to promote surface infiltration where appropriate, and to minimize the use of fertilizers and pesticides.  Where landscaped areas are used to retain or detain stormwater, specify plants that are tolerant of saturated soil conditions.  Consider using pest-resistant plants.  For successful establishment, select plants appropriate to site soils, slopes, climate, sun, wind, rain, land use, air movement, ecological consistency, and plant interactions.	<ul> <li>Maintain landscaping using minimum or no pesticides.</li> <li>Provide IPM information to new owners, lessees, and operators.</li> </ul>
Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning	Because a car wash area is not provided within the Project site, car washing will not be allowed in the development site.	Vehicle and equipment cleaning information will be provided to new site owners, lessees, and operators.
Roofing, Gutters, and Trim	Roofing, gutters, and trim made of copper or other unprotected metals that may leach into runoff will be avoided.	Roofing, gutters, and trim information will be provided to new site owners, lessees, and operators.
Sidewalks, and Street Parking		<ul> <li>Maintain and regularly sweep sidewalks and streets to prevent accumulation of litter and debris.</li> <li>Collect debris from pressure washing to prevent entry into the storm drain system.</li> </ul>

### V.C. Features, Materials, and Methods of Construction of Source Control BMPs

The features, materials, and methods of construction of source control BMPs will be specified in the Grading, Improvement, and Landscape construction plans. However, the bioretention facility will be constructed per the CCCCWP's Stormwater C.3 Guidebook (Guidebook). Energy dissipaters, curb cuts, and grate inlets will be used as necessary to reduce erosion within the infiltration areas. Overflow risers will connect pipes to the downstream storm drain system during high flow events.

#### **VI. STORMWATER FACILITY MAINTENANCE**

### VI.A. Ownership and Responsibility for Maintenance in Perpetuity

The HOA will assume ownership and responsibility for maintenance of the IMPs. Operation and maintenance of the facility will be the responsibility of the owner until transferred to HOA.

### VI.B. Summary of Maintenance Requirements for Each Stormwater Facility

The stormwater basin areas will require regular inspections of the inlets, outlets, and side slopes for evidence of erosion, obstructions, and instabilities. The soil at the bottom of the feature will require regular observations to check for uniform percolation and will require removal of any invasive plants that may reduce the effective area of the basin. Vegetation surrounding the stormwater facility will be observed and maintained regularly, with invasive and noxious plants removed, fallen leaves disposed of, and mulch replenished as necessary. Any potential vector sources will be abated by filling holes in the ground and eliminating standing water that persists for more than 48 hours. In addition, Contra Costa Mosquito and Vector Control District (CCMVCD) will be informed if mosquito larvae are found present at the stormwater facility. A copy of the O&M plan, schedule of routine activities, and maintenance reports will be given to the CCMVCD in an effort to cooperatively facilitate control of mosquitos and vectors. Nonroutine maintenance may include the removal of accumulated sediment every five to fifteen years.

### **VII. CONSTRUCTION PLAN C.3 CHECKLIST**

Table 4. Construction Plan C.3 Checklist

Stormwater Control Plan Page #	BMP Description	See Plan Sheet #s
7	Stormwater Basins	
9	Marked storm drain inlets	

### **VIII. CERTIFICATIONS**

The selection, sizing, and preliminary design of stormwater treatment and other control measures in this plan meet the requirements of Regional Water Quality Control Board Order R2-2015-0049.

Local staff will be contacted regarding other certification requirements.

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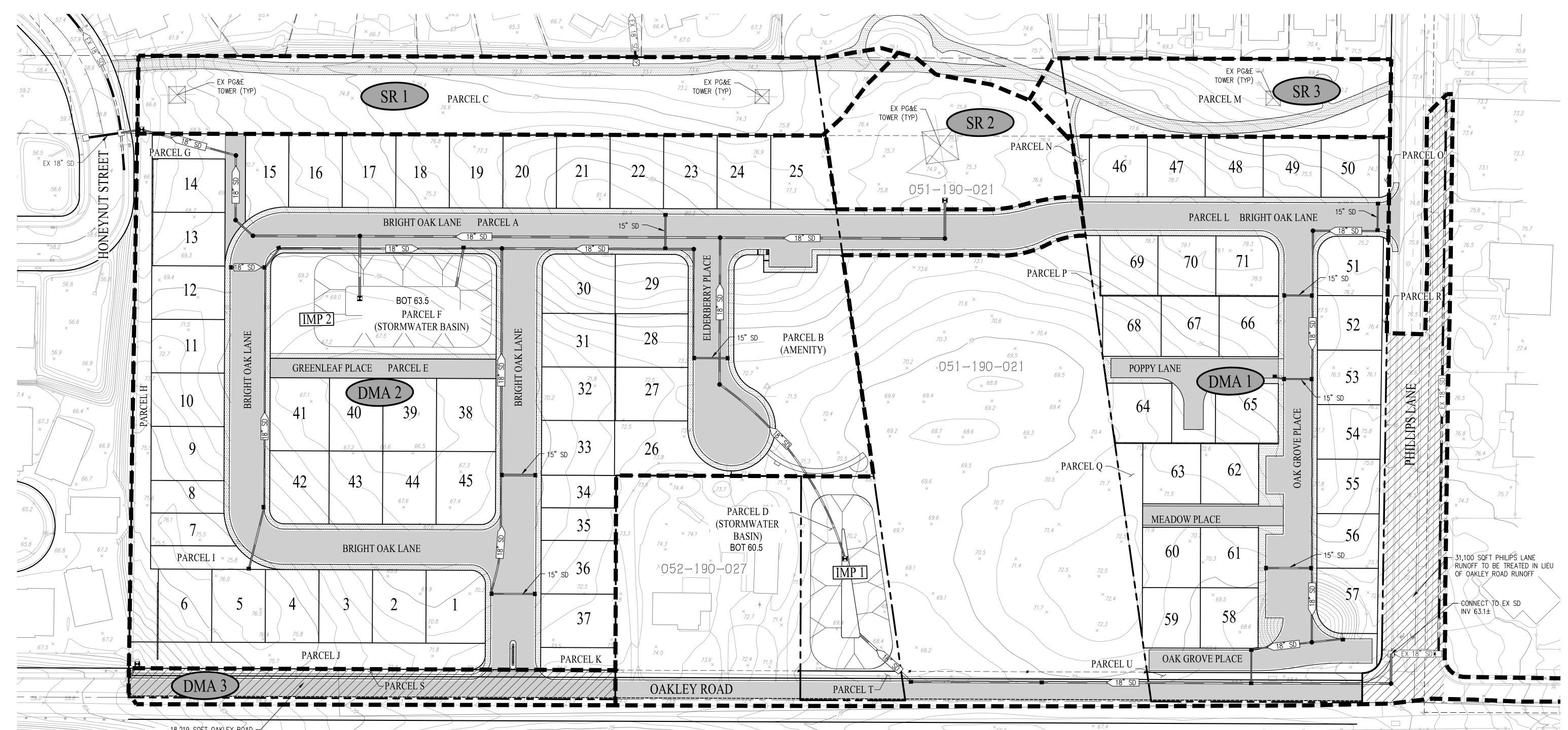
By

Edward D. Ballman, P.E.

Claire Bareilles, E.I.T.



## APPENDIX A Stormwater Control Plan and Maps of DMAs



18,219 SQFT OAKLEY ROAD\_ RUNOFF TO BE OFFSET BY PHILIPS LANE RUNOFF

052-051-013

LEGEND

DRAINAGE MAINTENANCE AREA

SELF RETAINING AREA

DRAINAGE MAINTENANCE AREA BOUNDARY

INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT PLAN (STORMWATER BASIN)

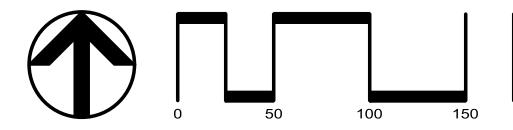
DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT AREA (DMA)	TOTAL AREA	TOTAL IMPERVIOUS (SF)	TOTAL PERVIOUS (SF)	PROVIDED TREATMENT AREA (SF)	TREATMENT TYPE
DMA 1	383,743	201,915	181,828	12,885*	STORMWATER BASIN
DMA 2	368,222	178,158	190,064	16,815*	STORMWATER BASIN
DMA 3 (SOUTHWEST)	18,219	15,828	2,391	-	IN-LIEU TREATMENT
SR 1 (NORTHWEST)	52,606	0	52,606	-	SELF-RETAINING
SR 2 (NORTH CENTRAL)	37,970	0	37,970	_	SELF-RETAINING
SR 3 (NORTHEAST)	28,396	0	28,396	_	SELF-RETAINING

\*NOTE:
PROVIDED TREATMENT AREA IS CALCULATED USING THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS HEC-HMS PER CCCFCWCD GUIDANCE. SEE PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT PREPARED BY BALANCE HYDROLOGICS, INC. DATED DECEMBER 2024 FOR CALCULATIONS.

## VESTING TENTATIVE MAP STORMWATER CONTROL PLAN

## VINEYARD CROSSING

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY CALIFORNIA SCALE: 1" = 50' DATE: DECEMBER 2024



052-051-008 65.5



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SHEET NO. SURVEYORS • PLANNERS

## APPENDIX B BAHM Model Inputs

### PRE-PROJECT WATERSHED AREAS

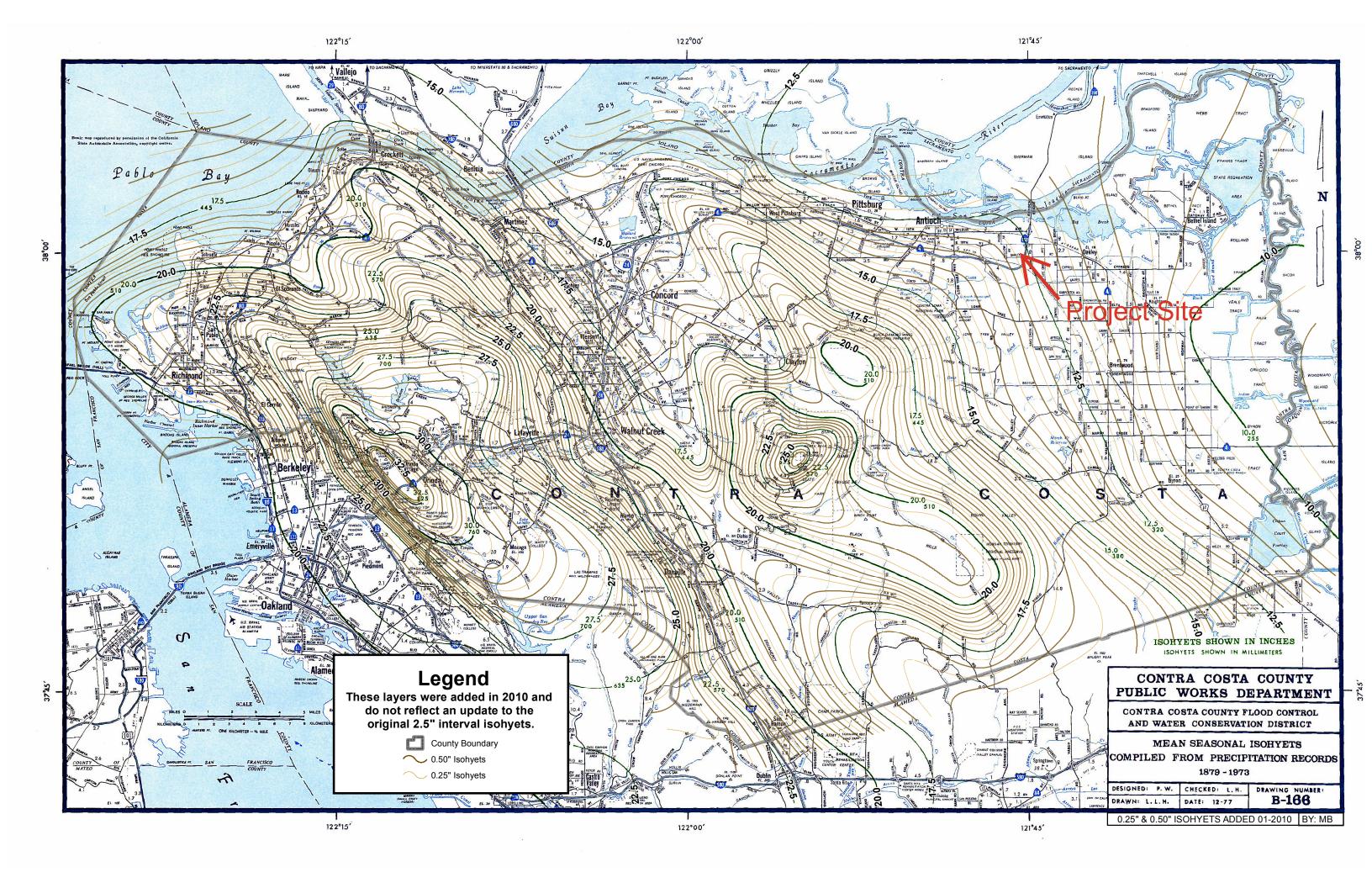
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Watershed Area	Total	Area	To	tal	Roa	ads	Re	oof	Perv	ious
	(sf)	(acres)	(sf)	(acres)	(sf)	(acres)	(sf)	(acres)	(sf)	(acres)
Northwest	292,428	6.71	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	292,428	6.71
North Central	56,220	1.29	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	56,220	1.29
Northeast	66,581	1.53	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	66,581	1.53
Subtotal to Wilbur Avenue	415,229	9.53	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	415,229	9.53
Southwest	35,709	0.82	5,860	0.13	5,860	0.13	0	0.00	29,849	0.69
South Central	305,330	7.01	11,288	0.26	5,882	0.14	5,406	0.12	294,042	6.75
Southeast	132,551	3.04	37,042	0.85	37,042	0.85	0	0.00	95,509	2.19
Subtotal to East Antioch Creek	473,590	10.87	54,190	1.24	48,784	1.12	5,406	0.12	419,400	9.63
Total	888,819	20.40	54,190	1.24	48,784	1.12	5,406	0.12	834,629	19.16

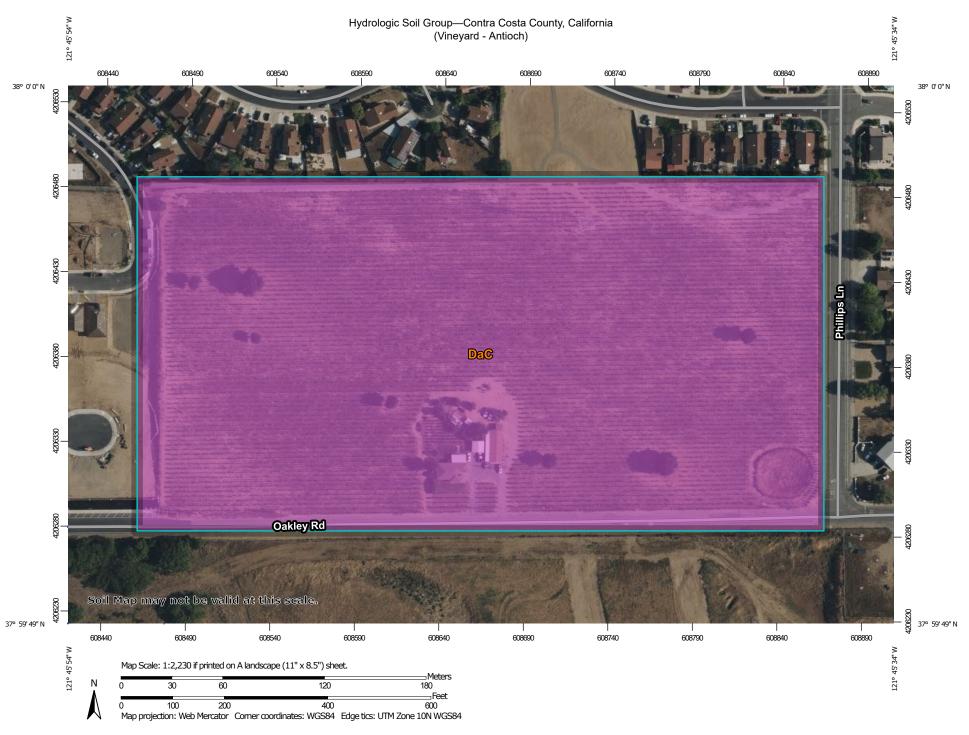
### POST-PROJECT WATERSHED AREAS

					Imper	vious				
Watershed Area	Total	Area	Tot	al	Roa	ads	Ro	of	Perv	ious
	(sf)	(acres)								
Northwest	52,606	1.21	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	52,606	1.21
DMA 1	383,743	8.81	201,915	4.64	100,101	2.30	101,814	2.34	181,828	4.17
DMA 2	368,222	8.45	178,158	4.09	100,924	2.32	77,234	1.77	190,064	4.36
Subtotal to Honeynut St	804,571	18.47	380,073	8.73	201,025	4.61	179,048	4.11	424,498	9.75
North Central	37,397	0.86	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	37,397	0.86
Northeast	28,396	0.65	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	28,396	0.65
Subtotal to Wilbur Avenue	870,364	19.98	380,073	8.73	201,025	4.61	179,048	4.11	490,291	11.26
Southwest	18,219	0.42	15,828	0.36	15,828	0.36	0	0.00	2,391	0.05
Total	888,583	20.40	395,901	9.09	216,853	4.98	179,048	4.11	492,682	11.31

## APPENDIX C Mean Seasonal Isohyetal Map



## APPENDIX D Web Soil Survey Soils Report



#### MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:24.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. D Soil Rating Polygons Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Not rated or not available Α misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil **Water Features** line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of A/D Streams and Canals contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Transportation B/D Rails ---Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Interstate Highways C/D Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service **US Routes** Web Soil Survey URL: D Major Roads Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available Local Roads Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Soil Rating Lines Background distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Aerial Photography Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Contra Costa County, California Survey Area Data: Version 21, Sep 9, 2024 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger. Not rated or not available Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 23, 2022—Apr 24. 2022 **Soil Rating Points** The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background A/D imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. B/D

### **Hydrologic Soil Group**

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
DaC	Delhi sand, 2 to 9 percent slopes	А	21.0	100.0%
Totals for Area of Intere	st	21.0	100.0%	

### **Description**

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

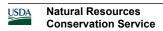
Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

### **Rating Options**

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified



Tie-break Rule: Higher

## APPENDIX E FEMA FIRM

## NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 10. The horizontal datum was NAD 83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <a href="http://www.ngs.noaa.gov">http://www.ngs.noaa.gov</a> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12

National Geodetic Survey

SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway

Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by the USDA National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP). This information was photogrammetrically compiled at a scale of 1:24,000 from aerial photography dated

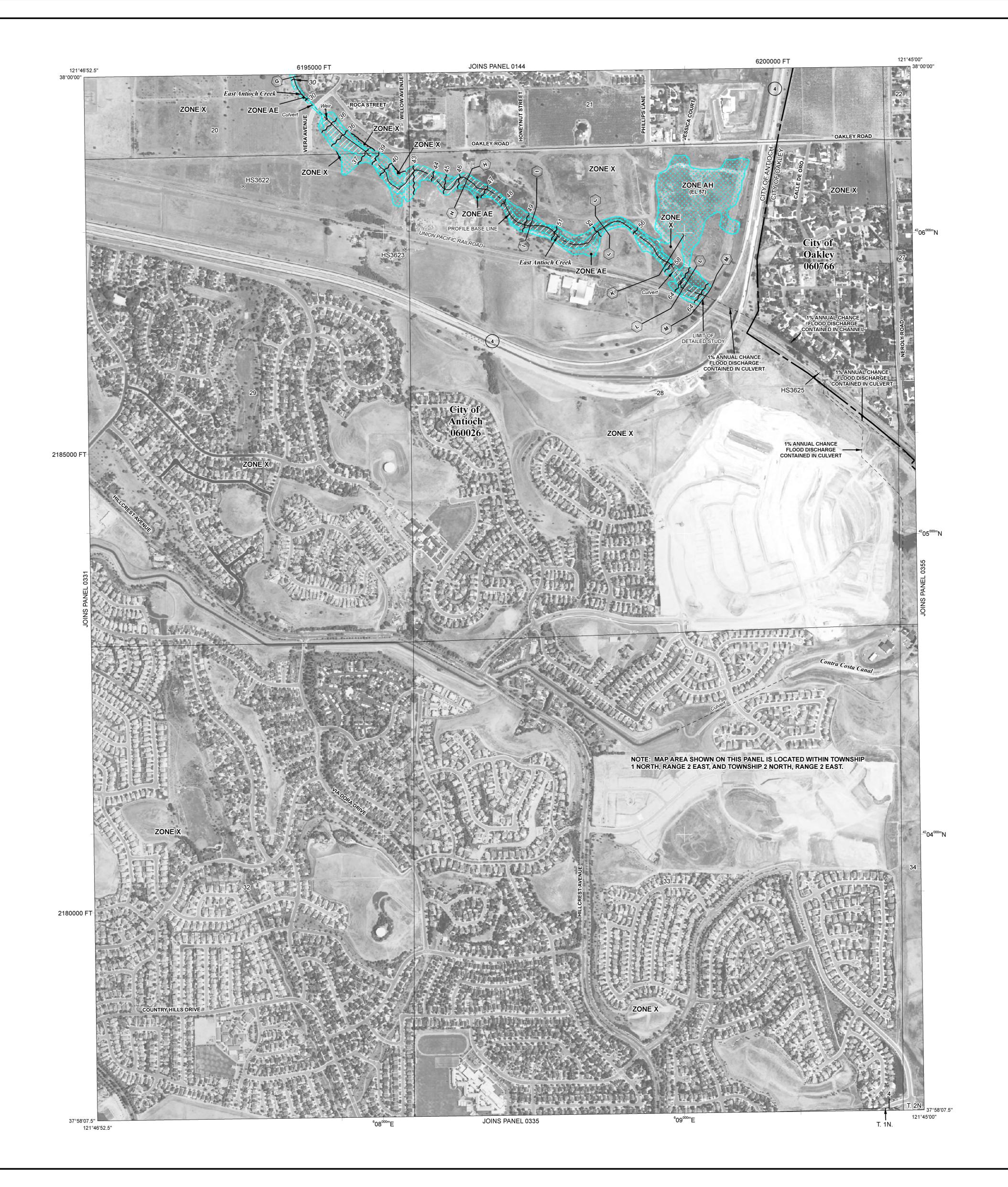
This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

Contact the FEMA Map Service Center at 1-800-358-9616 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and/or digital versions of this map. The FEMA Map Service Center may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at <a href="http://msc.fema.gov">http://msc.fema.gov</a>.

If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call **1-877-FEMA MAP** (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <a href="http://www.fema.gov.">http://www.fema.gov.</a>



## **LEGEND**

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

The 1% annual flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface

No Base Flood Elevations determined.

Base Flood Elevations determined.

elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood

Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also

Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.

Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations

Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood

Elevations determined

Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

OTHER AREAS

ZONE X Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible. ZONE D

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)

CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas. 1% annual chance floodplain boundary

0.2% annual chance floodplain boundary

Floodway boundary

Zone D boundary ......

CBRS and OPA boundary Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Area Zones and — boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base

Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet\* ~~~ 513 ~~~

Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation

Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.

\* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 Cross section line

Transect line

(23)----(23)

Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American 87°07'45", 32°22'30" Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), Western Hemisphere

1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone

600000 FT 5000-foot grid ticks: California State Plane coordinate

Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this DX5510 x

M1.5

MAP REPOSITORY Refer to listing of Map Repositories on Map Index EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP June 16, 2009

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community

Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your Insurance

agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.



PANEL 0332F

**FIRM** FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

**CALIFORNIA** AND INCORPORATED AREAS

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY,

PANEL 332 OF 602

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

**CONTAINS**:

ANTIOCH, CITY OF

置

NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number

shown above should be used on insurance applications for the



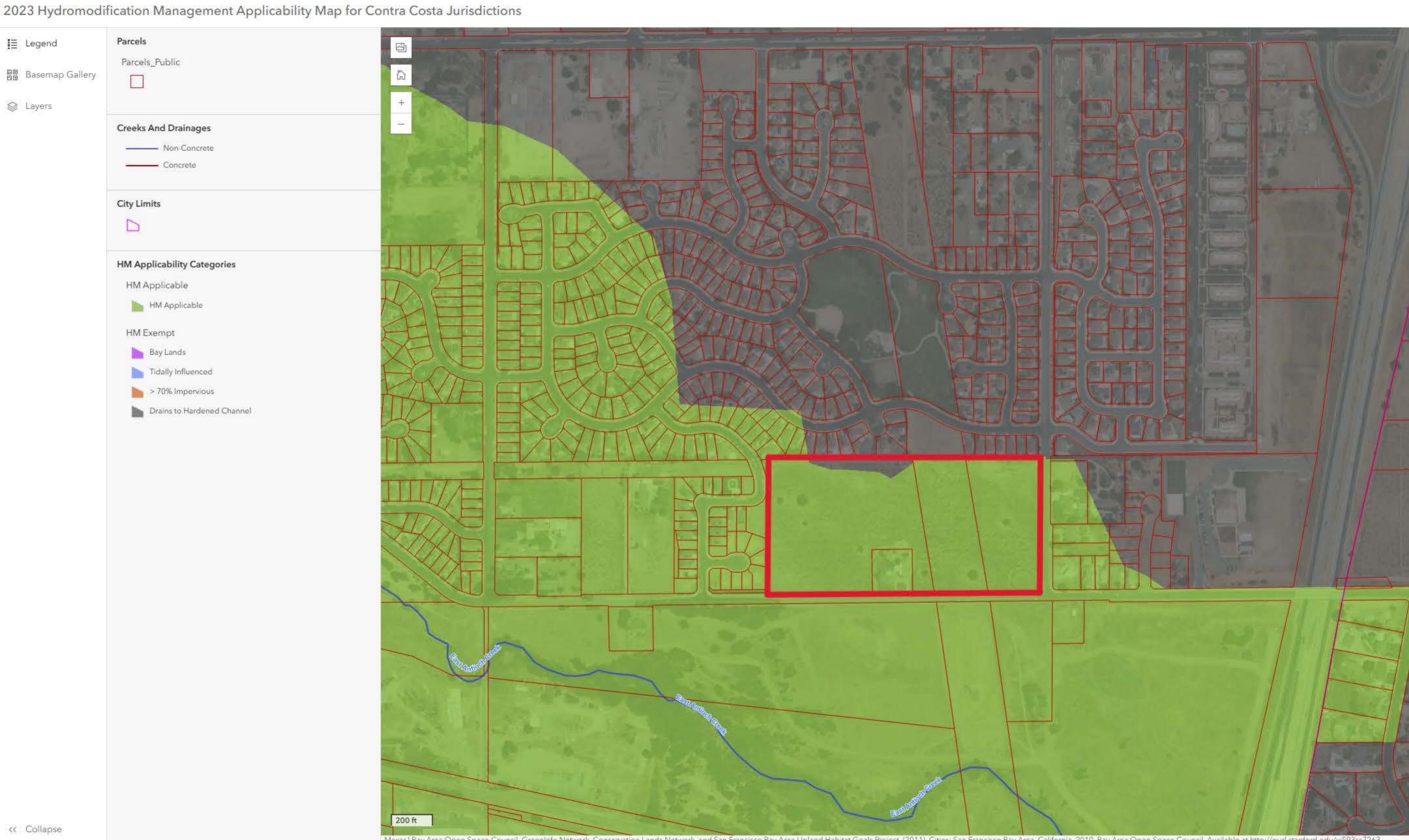
MAP NUMBER 06013C0332F **EFFECTIVE DATE** 

**JUNE 16, 2009** 

Federal Emergency Management Agency

### **APPENDIX F**

**Contra Costa County Hydromodification Applicability Map** 



i≣ Legend

## APPENDIX G BAHM Model Report

# BAHM2023 PROJECT REPORT

### General Model Information

BAHM2023 Project Name: 224159 BAHM Dec 2024 Rev

Site Name: Vineyards

Site Address:

City:

Report Date: 12/19/2024
Gage: Brentwood
Data Start: 1959/10/01
Data End: 2021/09/30
Timestep: Hourly

Precip Scale: 1.000

Version Date: 2024/01/22

### **POC Thresholds**

Low Flow Threshold for POC1: 10 Percent of the 2 Year

High Flow Threshold for POC1: 10 Year

Low Flow Threshold for POC2: \ \ 10 Percent of the 2 Year

High Flow Threshold for POC2: 10 Year

## Landuse Basin Data Pre-Project Land Use

### Northwest

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 6.713

Pervious Total 6.713

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

Basin Total 6.713

Element Flow Componants:

Surface Interflow

Componant Flows To:

POC 1 POC 1

224159 BAHM Dec 2024 Rev 12/19/2024 12:33:17 PM Page 3

Groundwater

### **North Central**

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 1.291

**Pervious Total** 1.291

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

**Basin Total** 1.291

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Interflow Surface

Componant Flows To: POC 1

POC 1

224159 BAHM Dec 2024 Rev 12/19/2024 12:33:17 PM Page 4

Groundwater

### Northeast

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 1.528

**Pervious Total** 1.528

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

**Basin Total** 1.528

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Interflow Surface

Componant Flows To: POC 1

POC 1

Groundwater

#### Southwest

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) acre 0.685

**Pervious Total** 0.685

Impervious Land Use Roads,Flat(0-5%) acre 0.135

Impervious Total 0.135

**Basin Total** 0.82

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Surface Interflow

Componant Flows To: POC 2

POC 2

Page 6

Groundwater

#### **South Central**

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 6.75

**Pervious Total** 6.75

Impervious Land Use Roads,Flat(0-5%) acre 0.135 Roof Area 0.124

Impervious Total 0.259

**Basin Total** 7.009

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Surface Interflow

Componant Flows To: POC 2

POC 2

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Groundwater

#### Southeast

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 2.193

Pervious Total 2.193

Impervious Land Use acre Roads,Flat(0-5%) 0.85

Impervious Total 0.85

Basin Total 3.043

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Surface Interflow Groundwater

Componant Flows To:

Ex SE Infiltration BasinEx SE Infiltration Basin

### Mitigated Land Use

#### DMA<sub>2</sub>

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 4.363

Pervious Total 4.363

Impervious Land Use acre Roads,Flat(0-5%) 2.317 Roof Area 1.773

Impervious Total 4.09

Basin Total 8.453

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Surface Interflow

Componant Flows To:

Surface Basin 2 Surface Basin 2

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Groundwater

DMA<sub>1</sub>

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 4.174

**Pervious Total** 4.174

Impervious Land Use Roads,Flat(0-5%) acre 2.298 Roof Area 2.337

Impervious Total 4.635

**Basin Total** 8.809

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Surface Interflow Groundwater

Componant Flows To: Surface Basin 1

Surface Basin 1

Northwest

Bypass: Yes

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 1.208

**Pervious Total** 1.208

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

**Basin Total** 1.208

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Interflow Surface

Componant Flows To: POC 1 POC 1 Groundwater

#### **North Central**

Bypass: Yes

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 0.859

**Pervious Total** 0.859

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

**Basin Total** 0.859

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Interflow Surface Groundwater

Componant Flows To: POC 1

POC 1

Northeast

Bypass: Yes

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 0.652

**Pervious Total** 0.652

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

**Basin Total** 0.652

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Interflow Surface Groundwater

Componant Flows To: POC 1

POC 1

#### Southwest

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre A,Grass,Flat(0-5%) 0.055

Pervious Total 0.055

Impervious Land Use acre Roads,Flat(0-5%) 0.363

Impervious Total 0.363

Basin Total 0.418

**Element Flow Componants:** 

Surface Interflow Groundwater

Componant Flows To: POC 2 POC 2

# Routing Elements **Pre-Project Routing**

#### Ex SE Infiltration Basin

Depth: 69 ft.

Discharge Structure: 1 Riser Height: 68.5 ft. Riser Diameter: 96 in.

**Element Outlets:** 

Outlet 2 Outlet 1

Outlet Flows To:

#### SSD Table Hydraulic Table

Stage	Area	Volume	Outlet	Infilt/			
(feet)	(ac.)	(ac-ft.)	Struct	Recharg	ge NotUsed	NotUsed	NotUsed
60.00	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000
61.00	0.025	0.016	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000
62.00	0.043	0.050	0.000	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.000
63.00	0.058	0.101	0.000	0.251	0.000	0.000	0.000
64.00	0.074	0.167	0.000	0.320	0.000	0.000	0.000
65.00	0.091	0.249	0.000	0.394	0.000	0.000	0.000
66.00	0.108	0.349	0.000	0.467	0.000	0.000	0.000
67.00	0.126	0.466	0.000	<b>0.545</b>	0.000	0.000	0.000
68.00	0.144	0.600	0.000	0.623	0.000	0.000	0.000
69.00	0.379	0.862	29.95	1.639	0.000	0.000	0.000

Discharge Structure: 1 Riser Height: 68.5 ft. Riser Diameter: ∕96 in.

Element Flow Outlets:

Outlet 1 Outlet 2

Outlets Flow To:

#### SSD Table Hydraulic Table

Stage	Area	Volume	Outlet	Infilt/			
(feet)	(ac.)	(ac-ft.)	Struct	Recharg	e NotUsed	NotUsed	NotUsed
60.0Ó	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000
61.00	0.025	0.016	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000
62.00	0.043	0.050	0.000	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.000
63.00	0.058	0.101	0.000	0.251	0.000	0.000	0.000
64.00	0.074	0.167	0.000	0.320	0.000	0.000	0.000
65.00	0.091	0.249	0.000	0.394	0.000	0.000	0.000
66.00	0.108	0.349	0.000	0.467	0.000	0.000	0.000
67.00	0.126	0.466	0.000	0.545	0.000	0.000	0.000
68.00	0.144	0.600	0.000	0.623	0.000	0.000	0.000
69.00	0.379	0.862	29.95	1.639	0.000	0.000	0.000

#### Mitigated Routing

#### Basin 2

Bottom Length: 100.00 ft. Bottom Width: 35.40 ft.

Material thickness of first layer:

Material type for first layer: Sand Material thickness of second layer: 0

Material type for second layer: GRAVEL

Material thickness of third layer: 0

Material type for third layer: GRAVEL

Infiltration On

Infiltration rate: 13
Infiltration reduction factor: 0.33

Wetted surface area On

Total Volume Infiltrated (ac-ft.):

Total Volume Through Riser (ac-ft.):

Total Volume Through Facility (ac-ft.):

Percent Infiltrated:

Total Precip Applied to Facility:

Total Evap From Facility:

243.638

0.556

244.194

99.77

3.962

7.012 Evap From Facility:

243.638

243.638

244.194

Underdrain not used Discharge Structure

Riser Height: 6.3 ft. Riser Diameter: 24 in.

Orifice 1 Diameter: 3.500 in. Elevation:4 ft.

Element Outlets:

Outlet 1 Outlet 2

Outlet Flows To:

#### Bioretention Hydraulic Table

Stage(fo	eet) /	Area(ac.)	Volume(ac-ft.)	Discharge(cfs)	Infilt(cfs)
63.500		).081 <b>`</b> 3	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
63.604	(	0.0813	0.0034	0.0000	0.0001
63.709	(	0.0813	0.0068	0.0000	0.0151
63.813	(	0.0813	0.0102	0.0000	0.0414
63.918	(	0.0813	0.0136	0.0000	0.0849
64.022	(	0.0813	0.0170	0.0000	0.1482
64.126	(	0.0813	0.0204	0.0000	0.2336
64.231	(	0.0813	0.0238	0.0000	0.3432
64.335	(	0.0813	0.0271	0.0000	0.3515
64.440	(	0.0813	0.0305	0.0000	0.3515
64.500	(	0.0813	0.0325	0.0000	0.3515
	Bioreten	tion Surface Hy	/draulic Table		

#### Stage(feet)Area(ac.)Volume(ac-ft.)Discharge(cfs)To Amended(cfs)Infilt(cfs)

	,	-,	3-(-		( ) ( )
1.0000	0.0813	0.0325	0.0000	0.7601	0.0113
1.1044	0.0839	0.0411	0.0000	0.7601	0.0227
1.2088	0.0865	0.0500	0.0000	0.9188	0.0343
1.3132	0.0892	0.0592	0.0000	0.9981	0.0460
1.4176	0.0919	0.0686	0.0000	1.0775	0.0579
1.5220	0.0946	0.0784	0.0000	1.1568	0.0699
1.6264	0.0974	0.0884	0.0000	1.2362	0.0820
1.7308	0.1002	0.0987	0.0000	1.3155	0.0943
1.8352	0.1031	0.1093	0.0000	1.3949	0.1067

1.9396 2.0440 2.1484 2.2527 2.3571 2.4615 2.5659 2.6703 2.7747 2.8791 2.9835 3.0879 3.1923 3.2967	0.1059 0.1088 0.1118 0.1147 0.1177 0.1207 0.1238 0.1269 0.1300 0.1332 0.1364 0.1396 0.1428 0.1461	0.1202 0.1315 0.1430 0.1548 0.1669 0.1794 0.1921 0.2052 0.2186 0.2324 0.2464 0.2609 0.2756 0.2907	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	1.4742 1.5536 1.6329 1.7123 1.7916 1.8710 1.9503 2.0297 2.1090 2.1884 2.2677 2.3471 2.4264 2.5058	0.1192 0.1319 0.1447 0.1577 0.1708 0.1840 0.1974 0.2109 0.2246 0.2384 0.2523 0.2664 0.2806 0.2949
3.4011 3.5055 3.6099 3.7143 3.8187 3.9231 4.0275 4.1319 4.2363 4.3407 4.4451 4.5495 4.6538 4.7582	0.1494 0.1528 0.1562 0.1596 0.1630 0.1665 0.1700 0.1736 0.1771 0.1807 0.1844 0.1880 0.1917 0.1955	0.3061 0.3219 0.3380 0.3545 0.3713 0.3885 0.4061 0.4240 0.4423 0.4610 0.4801 0.4995 0.5193 0.5396	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	2.5851 2.6645 2.7438 2.8232 2.9025 2.9819 3.0612 3.1406 3.2199 3.2993 3.3786 3.4580 3.5373 3.6167	0.3094 0.3240 0.3388 0.3537 0.3687 0.3839 0.3992 0.4147 0.4303 0.4460 0.4619 0.4779 0.4940 0.5103
4.8626 4.9670 5.0714 5.1758 5.2802 5.3846 5.4890 5.5934 5.6978 5.8022 5.9066 6.0110 6.1154 6.2198	0.1992 0.2030 0.2069 0.2107 0.2146 0.2185 0.2225 0.2265 0.2305 0.2346 0.2387 0.2428 0.2469 0.2511	0.5602 0.5602 0.5812 0.6025 0.6243 0.6465 0.6692 0.7156 0.7395 0.7637 0.7884 0.8136 0.8391 0.8651	0.0000 0.0000 0.0888 0.1394 0.1760 0.2062 0.2325 0.2561 0.2777 0.2977 0.3165 0.3342 0.3511 0.3671	3.6960 3.7754 3.8547 3.9341 4.0134 4.0928 4.1721 4.2515 4.3308 4.4102 4.4895 4.5689 4.6482 4.7276	0.5163 0.5267 0.5433 0.5600 0.5768 0.5938 0.6109 0.6282 0.6456 0.6631 0.6808 0.6986 0.7166 0.7346 0.7529
6.3242 6.4286 6.5330 6.6374 6.7418 6.8462 6.9505 7.0549 7.1593 7.2637 7.3681 7.4725 7.5769 7.6813 7.7857 7.8901	0.2553 0.2596 0.2638 0.2681 0.2725 0.2769 0.2813 0.2857 0.2902 0.2947 0.2992 0.3038 0.3084 0.3130 0.3177 0.3224	0.8916 0.9184 0.9458 0.9735 1.0017 1.0304 1.0596 1.0891 1.1192 1.1497 1.1807 1.2122 1.2442 1.2766 1.3095 1.3429	0.3825 0.3973 0.4116 0.4254 0.4387 0.4517 0.4643 0.4765 0.4885 0.5002 0.8887 2.0372 3.5799 5.3516 7.1949 8.9499	4.8069 4.8863 4.9656 5.0450 5.1243 5.2037 5.2830 5.3623 5.4417 5.5210 5.5486 5.5486 5.5486 5.5486 5.5486	0.7712 0.7897 0.8084 0.8272 0.8461 0.8651 0.8651 0.9037 0.9231 0.9427 0.9625 0.9824 1.0024 1.0226 1.0429 1.0633

7.9945	0.3271	1.3768	10.472	5.5486	1.0839
8.0989	0.3318	1.4112	11.662	5.5486	1.1046
8.2033	0.3366	1.4461	12.504	5.5486	1.1255
8.3077	0.3414	1.4815	13.251	5.5486	1.1465
8.4121	0.3463	1.5174	13.900	5.5486	1.1676
8.5165	0.3512	1.5538	14.519	5.5486	1.1889
8.6209	0.3561	1.5907	15.112	5.5486	1.2103
8.7253	0.3611	1.6282	15.682	5.5486	1.2318
8.8297	0.3660	1.6661	16.232	5.5486	1.2535
8.9341	0.3711	1.7046	16.764	5.5486	1.2754
9.0385	0.3761	1.7436	17.279	5.5486	1.2973
9.1429	0.3812	1.7831	17.779	5.5486	1.3194
9.2473	0.3863	1.8232	18.266	5.5486	1.3417
9.3516	0.3914	1.8638	18.739	5.5486	1.3640
9.4560	0.3966	1.9049	19.201	5.5486	1.3735
9.5000	0.3988	1.9224	19.651	5.5486	0.7272



#### Basin 1

Bottom Length: 100.00 ft. Bottom Width: 12.10 ft. Material thickness of first layer: 1

Material type for first layer: Sand Material thickness of second layer: 0

Material type for second layer: GRAVEL

Material thickness of third layer: 0

Material type for third layer: GRAVEL

Infiltration On

Infiltration rate: 13
Infiltration reduction factor: 0.33

Wetted surface area On

Total Volume Infiltrated (ac-ft.): 270.471
Total Volume Through Riser (ac-ft.): 2.584
Total Volume Through Facility (ac-ft.): 273.055
Percent Infiltrated: 99.05
Total Precip Applied to Facility: 2.848
Total Evap From Facility: 1

Underdrain not used Discharge Structure

Riser Height: 6.3 ft. Riser Diameter: 24 in.

Orifice 1 Diameter: 3.750 in. Elevation:4 ft.

Element Outlets:

Outlet 1 Outlet 2

Outlet Flows To:

#### Bioretention Hydraulic Table

Stage(feet)	Area(ac.)	Volume(ac-ft.)	Discharge(cfs)	) Infilt(cfs)
60.500	0.0498	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
60.604	0.0484	0.0012	0.0000	0.0000
60.709	0.0460	0.0025	0.0000	0.0060
60.813	0.0436	0.0039	0.0000	0.0175
60.918	0.0412	0.0054	0.0000	0.0383
61.022	0.0389	0.0070	0.0000	0.0710
61.126	0.0366	0.0086	0.0000	0.1186
61.231	0.0344	0.0104	0.0000	0.1842
61.335	0.0321	0.0123	0.0000	0.1990
61.440	0.0299	0.0142	0.0000	0.2094
61.500	0.0278	0.0154	0.0000	0.2156

Bioretention Surface Hydraulic Table

#### Stage(feet)Area(ac.)Volume(ac-ft.)Discharge(cfs)To Amended(cfs)Infilt(cfs)

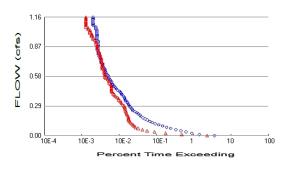
1.0000	0.0498	0.0154	0.0000	0.2598	0.0107
1.1044	0.0523	0.0208	0.0000	0.2598	0.0215
1.2088	0.0548	0.0263	0.0000	0.3140	0.0325
1.3132	0.0573	0.0322	0.0000	0.3412	0.0436
1.4176	0.0599	0.0383	0.0000	0.3683	0.0549
1.5220	0.0625	0.0447	0.0000	0.3954	0.0662
1.6264	0.0651	0.0514	0.0000	0.4225	0.0778
1.7308	0.0678	0.0583	0.0000	0.4497	0.0894
1.8352	0.0705	0.0655	0.0000	0.4768	0.1012
1.9396	0.0732	0.0730	0.0000	0.5039	0.1132
2.0440	0.0760	0.0808	0.0000	0.5310	0.1252

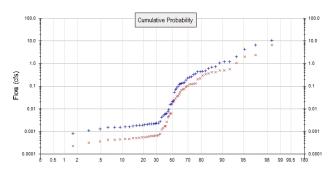
2.1484 2.2527 2.3571 2.4615 2.6703 2.7747 2.8791 2.9835 3.1923 3.1923 3.2967 3.5059 3.7143 3.9231 4.0275 4.1319 4.2363 4.3407 4.5495 4.6538 4.7582 4.8626 4.9670 5.1758 5.2802 5.3846 5.4890 5.5934 5.6978 5.8022 5.9066 6.0110 6.2198 6.6374 6.7418 6.8462 6.5330 6.6374 6.7418 6.8462 6.7593 7.2637 7.3681 7.3699 7.1593 7.2637 7.3681 7.3699 7.1593 7.2637 7.3681 7.3699 7.1593 7.2637 7.3681 7.3699 7.1593 7.2637 7.3681 7.3699 7.	0.0788 0.0816 0.0845 0.0874 0.0903 0.0932 0.0962 0.0992 0.1023 0.1054 0.1116 0.1148 0.1180 0.1212 0.1245 0.1379 0.1414 0.1448 0.1483 0.1519 0.1554 0.1554 0.1626 0.1663 0.1700 0.1737 0.1774 0.1889 0.1928 0.2066 0.2046 0.2046 0.2046 0.2046 0.2046 0.2046 0.2127 0.2086 0.2046	0.0889 0.0973 0.1060 0.1149 0.1242 0.1338 0.1437 0.1539 0.1644 0.1752 0.1864 0.1979 0.2097 0.2218 0.2343 0.2472 0.2603 0.2738 0.2877 0.3019 0.3165 0.3314 0.3624 0.3785 0.3949 0.4117 0.4288 0.4643 0.4643 0.4643 0.5014 0.5014 0.5050 0.5599 0.5803 0.6010 0.7579 0.7821 0.7579 0.7821 0.8067 0.8317 0.8067 0.8317 0.8067 0.8317 0.8067 0.8317 0.8067 0.8317 0.8067 0.8317 0.8067 0.8063 0.9914	0.0000 0.	0.5581 0.5853 0.6124 0.6395 0.6666 0.6938 0.7209 0.7480 0.7751 0.8022 0.8294 0.8565 0.8836 0.9107 0.9379 0.9650 0.9921 1.0192 1.0463 1.0735 1.1006 1.1277 1.1548 1.2091 1.2362 1.2633 1.2904 1.3176 1.3718 1.3989 1.4261 1.4532 1.4803 1.5074 1.5345 1.5617 1.5888 1.6159 1.6430 1.6702 1.6973 1.7244 1.7515 1.7786 1.8058 1.8058 1.8058 1.8329 1.8600 1.8871 1.8966 1.8966 1.8966	0.1375 0.1498 0.1623 0.1749 0.1877 0.2006 0.2137 0.2269 0.2402 0.2537 0.2673 0.2810 0.2949 0.3089 0.3231 0.3373 0.3518 0.3664 0.3811 0.3959 0.4109 0.4260 0.4413 0.4567 0.4722 0.4879 0.5037 0.5197 0.5358 0.5520 0.5684 0.6616 0.6184 0.6353 0.6695 0.6695 0.6869 0.7044 0.7220 0.7398 0.7757 0.7757 0.7939 0.8122 0.8306 0.8492 0.8679 0.8688 0.9250 0.9442 0.9637
7.2637	0.2548	0.9095	0.5742	1.8871	0.9058
7.3681	0.2592	0.9363	0.9644	1.8966	0.9250
7.4725	0.2637	0.9636	2.1146	1.8966	0.9442

8.2033	0.2955	1.1678	12.592	1.8966	1.0831
8.3077	0.3002	1.1989	13.341	1.8966	1.1035
8.4121	0.3049	1.2305	13.991	1.8966	1.1240
8.5165	0.3097	1.2626	14.611	1.8966	1.1447
8.6209	0.3145	1.2952	15.206	1.8966	1.1655
8.7253	0.3193	1.3282	15.777	1.8966	1.1864
8.8297	0.3241	1.3618	16.329	1.8966	1.2075
8.9341	0.3290	1.3959	16.862	1.8966	1.2287
9.0385	0.3339	1.4305	17.378	1.8966	1.2501
9.1429	0.3388	1.4656	17.879	1.8966	1.2716
9.2473	0.3438	1.5013	18.367	1.8966	1.2932
9.3516	0.3488	1.5374	18.842	1.8966	1.3150
9.4560	0.3538	1.5741	19.305	1.8966	1.3242
9.5000	0.3560	1.5897	19.757	1.8966	0.0000



# Analysis Results POC 1





+ Pre-Project

x Mitigated

Pre-Project Landuse Totals for POC #1

Total Pervious Area: 9.532 Total Impervious Area: 0

Mitigated Landuse Totals for POC #1
Total Pervious Area: 11.256
Total Impervious Area: 8.725

Flow Frequency Method: Weibull

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Pre-Project. POC #1

**Return Period**2 year
5 year
10 year
25 year
5.168854

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Mitigated. POC #1

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 0.00619

 5 year
 0.249999

 10 year
 0.501008

 25 year
 2.15858

#### **Annual Peaks**

Annual Peaks for Pre-Project and Mitigated. POC #1

Pre-Projéct	Mitigated
0.084	0.024
0.002	0.001
4.280	1.994
1.071	0.419
0.005	0.001
0.140	0.408
0.009	0.003
0.704	0.502
0.004	0.001
0.432	0.123
0.147	0.499
0.124	0.035
0.002	0.000
0.445	0.127
	0.084 0.002 4.280 1.071 0.005 0.140 0.009 0.704 0.004 0.432 0.147 0.124 0.002

### Ranked Annual Peaks

Ranked Annual Peaks for Pre-Project and Mitigated. POC #1

Natiked Attitual	i cans ioi i ic-i	roject and
Rank	Pre-Project	Mitigated
1	10.7370	6.5644
2	6.6134	2.4255
3	4.2799	1.9943
4	1.9977	1.0615
5	1.2261	0.5698
6	1.1984	0.5022

7 8 9 10 1 12 13 14 15 16 7 18 19 20 1 22 22 22 22 23 33 23 33 34 45 14 45 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1.0707 0.7117 0.7043 0.6002 0.4712 0.4449 0.4324 0.4314 0.3550 0.3241 0.2663 0.2532 0.2307 0.1898 0.1466 0.1397 0.1304 0.1263 0.1236 0.0981 0.0843 0.0698 0.0545 0.0218 0.0216 0.0167 0.0150 0.0092 0.0075 0.0060 0.0060 0.0057 0.0048 0.0042 0.0021 0.0021 0.0022 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0021 0.0015 0.0019 0.0019 0.0015 0.0015	0.4986 0.4185 0.4084 0.3729 0.3418 0.2975 0.2208 0.2030 0.1344 0.1269 0.1233 0.1231 0.1013 0.0924 0.0760 0.0722 0.0658 0.0541 0.0436 0.0360 0.0353 0.0280 0.0240 0.0199 0.0156 0.0062 0.0062 0.0062 0.0048 0.0043 0.0026 0.0017 0.0016 0.0014 0.0012 0.0008 0.0006 0.0006 0.0006 0.0006 0.0006 0.0006 0.0006 0.0006 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005
54	0.0016	0.0005
55	0.0016	0.0005
56	0.0015	0.0004



## **Duration Flows**

# The Facility PASSED

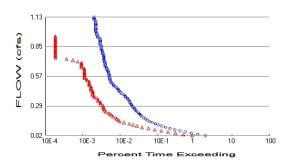
Flow(cfs) 0.0016 0.0132 0.0249 0.0366 0.0482 0.0599 0.0715 0.0832 0.0949 0.1065 0.1182 0.1298 0.1415 0.1532 0.1648 0.1765 0.1881 0.1998 0.2114 0.2231 0.2348 0.2464 0.2581 0.2697 0.2814 0.2931 0.3047 0.3164 0.3280 0.3397 0.3513 0.3630 0.3747 0.3863 0.3980 0.4096 0.4213 0.4330 0.4446 0.4563 0.4679 0.4796 0.4913	Predev 19756 7810 4841 3367 2467 1807 1333 1019 802 633 509 422 362 310 271 181 165 146 128 121 102 98 93 89 82 81 77 75 70 66 63 60 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Mit 12457 2604 972 482 304 228 175 150 137 129 119 110 104 98 98 97 95 92 88 86 84 81 79 78 77 73 68 64 62 58 53 52 48 43 41 38 36 34 34 34 34 34 34 34	Percentage 63 33 20 14 12 12 13 14 17 20 23 26 28 31 36 40 44 46 48 52 57 63 65 69 71 71 69 68 69 70 65 67 64 61 62 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 68 72 77 85 87	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.4096	63	38	60	Pass
0.4213	60	36	60	Pass
0.4330	56	34	60	Pass
0.4446	50	34	68	Pass
0.4563	47	34	72	Pass
0.4679	44	34	77	Pass

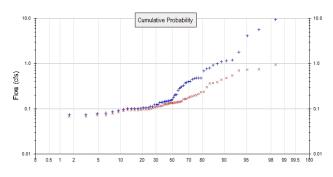
0.6195 0.6312 0.6428 0.6545 0.6661 0.6778 0.6895 0.7011 0.7128 0.7244 0.7361 0.7477 0.7594 0.7711 0.7827 0.8060 0.8177 0.8294 0.8410 0.8527 0.8643 0.8760 0.8877 0.8993 0.9110 0.9226 0.9343 0.9459 0.9576 0.9693 0.9693 0.9693 1.0509 1.0625 1.0742 1.0859 1.0742 1.0859 1.0975 1.1092 1.1208 1.1325 1.1441	24 23 22 21 20 20 20 18 18 17 16 16 16 16 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	22 22 21 19 19 19 19 19 18 18 18 18 17 17 15 15 15 14 14 14 14 13 13 11 10 10 9 9 9 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	91 95 91 86 90 95 95 95 100 100 100 100 100 93 93 93 86 86 87 71 71 64 64 61 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
1.1558	11	7	63	Pass

# **Water Quality**



#### POC 2





+ Pre-Project

x Mitigated

Pre-Project Landuse Totals for POC #2

Total Pervious Area: 9.628 Total Impervious Area: 1.244

Mitigated Landuse Totals for POC #2
Total Pervious Area: 0.055
Total Impervious Area: 0.363

Flow Frequency Method: Weibull

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Pre-Project. POC #2

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 0.153437

 5 year
 0.562074

 10 year
 1.12837

 25 year
 4.716153

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Mitigated. POC #2

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 0.133028

 5 year
 0.233048

 10 year
 0.466582

 25 year
 0.734455

#### **Annual Peaks**

Annual Peaks for Pre-Project and Mitigated. POC #2

Year	Pre-Project	Mitigated
1960	0.146	0.112
1961	0.107	0.098
1962	4.118	0.743
1963	1.192	0.370
1964	0.155	0.142
1965	0.771	0.705
1966	0.125	0.115
1967	0.689	0.136
1968	0.160	0.147
1969	0.470	0.124
1970	0.802	0.729
1971	0.202	0.161
1972	0.102	0.094
1973	0.480	0.125
1974	0.372	0.184

## Ranked Annual Peaks

Ranked Annual Peaks for Pre-Project and Mitigated. POC #2

ranikoa / tiiilaai	i dano idi i id i	rojoot aria
Rank	Pre-Project	Mitigated
1	9.3377	0.9490
2	5.6879	0.7432
3	4.1182	0.7291
4	1.7972	0.7045
5	1.1916	0.5456
6	1.1414	0.4803
7	1.1024	0.4392

8 9 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 8 19 20 12 22 22 22 22 23 33 23 34 55 35 35 35 36 78 39 41 42 34 45 46 78 49 55 55 55 55 56 61	0.9856 0.9330 0.8020 0.7711 0.6893 0.4838 0.4796 0.4772 0.4695 0.4524 0.4035 0.3983 0.3766 0.3724 0.3299 0.3047 0.2918 0.2795 0.2556 0.2060 0.2043 0.2019 0.1781 0.1598 0.1545 0.1475 0.1473 0.1462 0.1444 0.1435 0.1396 0.1383 0.1357 0.1251 0.1222 0.1218 0.1131 0.1130 0.1068 0.1065 0.1049 0.1034 0.1018 0.1016 0.1012 0.1012 0.0965 0.0919 0.0861 0.0794 0.0786 0.0734 0.0733	0.3880 0.3703 0.3664 0.2974 0.2352 0.2317 0.2139 0.1998 0.1973 0.1894 0.1835 0.1762 0.1664 0.1613 0.1471 0.1420 0.1416 0.1407 0.1404 0.1353 0.1348 0.1353 0.1348 0.1350 0.1325 0.1325 0.1325 0.1248 0.1250 0.1248 0.1250 0.1248 0.1172 0.1146 0.1119 0.1115 0.1099 0.1091 0.1039 0.0982 0.0979 0.0977 0.0961 0.0944 0.0937 0.0935 0.0935 0.0935 0.0932 0.0931 0.0888 0.0841 0.0724 0.0676 0.0724 0.0676 0.0724
61	0.0733	0.0675
62	0.0657	0.0603

## **Duration Flows**

The Facility PASSED

Flow(cfs) 0.0153 0.0266 0.0378 0.0491 0.0603 0.0716 0.0828 0.0940 0.1053 0.1165 0.1278 0.1390 0.1503 0.1615 0.1727 0.1840 0.1952 0.2065 0.2177 0.2290 0.2402 0.2514 0.2627 0.2739 0.2852 0.2964 0.3077 0.3189 0.3077 0.3189 0.3301 0.3414 0.3526 0.3639 0.3751 0.3864 0.3976 0.4088 0.4201 0.4313 0.4426 0.4538 0.4651 0.4763 0.4988 0.4988	Predev 10462 6593 4433 3018 2156 1200 899 712 573 477 397 291 182 169 115 109 115 109 96 115 109 96 115 109 103 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	Mit 4651 2701 1665 1056 691 461 311 153 120 95 69 53 49 441 35 32 22 20 19 16 16 14 13 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Percentage 44 40 37 34 32 29 25 23 21 20 19 17 16 16 16 17 16 15 15 14 14 15 15 16 14 15 15 16 14 15 15 16 18 19 18 19 18 20 22 22 22 22 22	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.4426 0.4538 0.4651 0.4763 0.4875	50 48 44 40 36	9 9 9 9	18 18 20 22 22	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass

0.6112 0.6224 0.6337 0.6449 0.6562 0.6674 0.6787 0.6899 0.7011 0.7124 0.7236 0.7349 0.7461 0.7574 0.7686 0.7798 0.7911 0.8023 0.8136 0.8248 0.8361 0.8473 0.8585 0.8698 0.8361 0.8473 0.8585 0.8698 0.8923 0.9035 0.9148 0.9260 0.9372 0.9485 0.9597 0.9710 0.9822 0.9935 1.0047 1.0159	27 26 24 23 22 22 21 20 20 20 20 20 20 19 18 17 17 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	66665555543211111111111111111111111111111111	22 23 25 21 22 22 23 19 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.9597 0.9710 0.9822 0.9935 1.0047	13 13 13	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass

# **Water Quality**



# Model Default Modifications

Total of 0 changes have been made.

## PERLND Changes

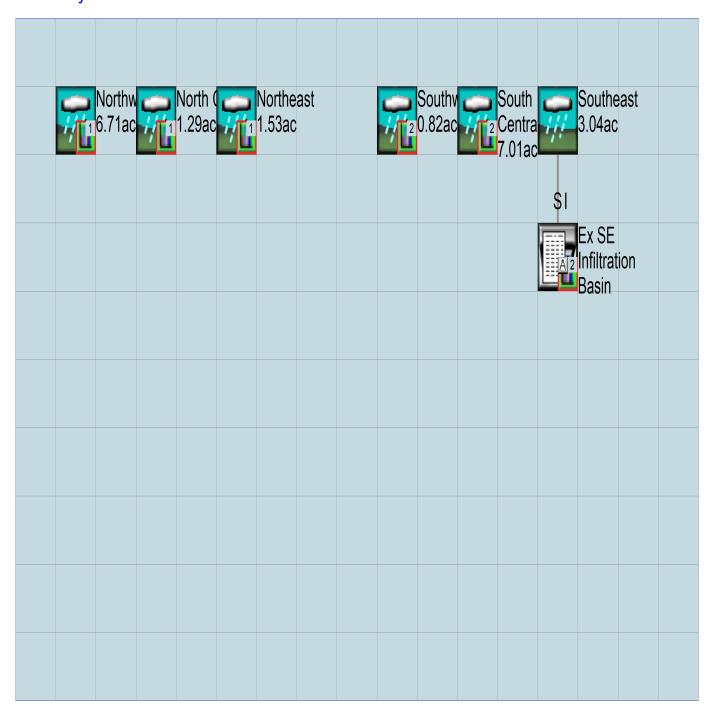
No PERLND changes have been made.

## **IMPLND Changes**

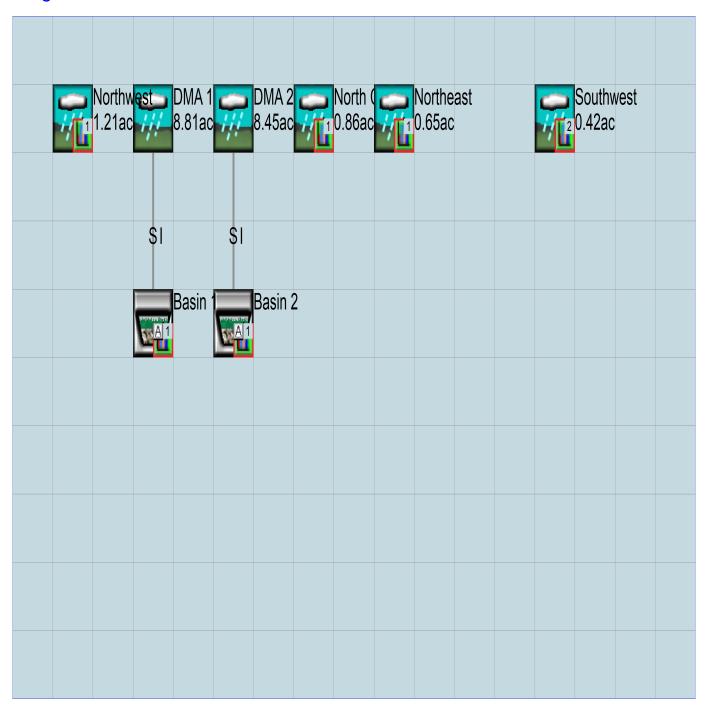
No IMPLND changes have been made.



# Appendix Pre-Project Schematic



# Mitigated Schematic



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